

TENTATIVE DATA

*Eimac*  
**EITEL-McCULLOUGH, Inc.**  
 SAN BRUNO, CALIFORNIA

**4X150G**  
 POWER TETRODE

The Eimac 4X150G is an extremely compact external-anode tetrode intended for use as a radio-frequency amplifier, frequency multiplier, or oscillator at frequencies well into the UHF region or as an amplifier in any service requiring a high-gain tube capable of delivering high power-output at low plate-voltage. The combination of a high ratio of transconductance to capacitance and a plate dissipation capability of 150 watts makes the tube an excellent wide-band amplifier for video applications.

The cathode, grid and screen electrodes are mounted on conical and cylindrical supports giving a minimum of circuit discontinuities and lead inductance. The rugged cylindrical terminals, progressively larger in size, allow the tube to be inserted in coaxial line cavities. The screen support and terminal provide maximum isolation between the grid cathode terminals and the plate circuit.

In amplifier service at 500 megacycles, output power of 140 watts per tube, with a stage power-gain of 20, can be obtained. At 1000 megacycles an output power of 50 watts per tube is obtained with a power-gain of five.

**GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**ELECTRICAL**

<b>Cathode: Coated Unipotential</b>			
Heater Voltage	- - - - -	2.5	volts
Heater Current	- - - - -	6.25	amperes
Minimum Heating Time	- - - - -	30	seconds
<b>Screen-Grid Amplification Factor (Average)</b>			5.0
<b>Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Average)</b>			
Grid-Plate (without shielding)	- - - - -	0.02	$\mu\mu f$
Input	- - - - -	16.1	$\mu\mu f$
Output	- - - - -	4.7	$\mu\mu f$
Transconductance ( $i_b=250$ ma., $e_c=500$ v., $E_c=250$ V.)	- - - - -	12,000	$\mu mhos$

**MECHANICAL**

**Cooling** - - - - - **Forced Air**

At 150 watts plate dissipation, a minimum flow of 5.6 cubic feet of air per minute must be passed through the anode cooler. The pressure drop across the cooler at this flow equals 0.26 inches of water. Forced-air cooling of the base terminal assembly must be provided. In no case should the temperature of the metal-to-glass seals or the core of the anode cooler exceed 150° C.

**Mounting position** - - - - - **Any**

<b>Maximum Overall Dimensions</b>			
Length	- - - - -	2 $\frac{5}{8}$	inches
Diameter	- - - - -	1 $\frac{5}{8}$	inches
Maximum Seated Height	- - - - -	1-27/32	inches
Net Weight	- - - - -	6	ounces
Shipping Weight (Average)	- - - - -	1.6	pounds

**RADIO FREQUENCY POWER AMPLIFIER OR OSCILLATOR**

Class-C Telephony or FM Telephony (Key-down conditions, per tube)

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

D-C PLATE VOLTAGE	- - - - -	1250	MAX. VOLTS
D-C SCREEN VOLTAGE	- - - - -	300	MAX. VOLTS
D-C GRID VOLTAGE*	- - - - -	-250	MAX. VOLTS
D-C PLATE CURRENT	- - - - -	250	MAX. MA.
PLATE DISSIPATION	- - - - -	150	MAX. WATTS
ANODE-COOLER CORE TEMPERATURE	- - - - -	150	MAX. °C
SCREEN DISSIPATION	- - - - -	15	MAX. WATTS
GRID DISSIPATION	- - - - -	2	MAX. WATTS

\*Maximum permissible grid circuit resistance 25,000 ohms

**TYPICAL OPERATION**

Single tube, frequencies below 165-Mc.

D-C Plate Voltage	- - - - -	600	750	1000	1250	Volts
D-C Plate Current	- - - - -	200	200	200	200	Ma.
D-C Screen Voltage	- - - - -	250	250	250	250	Volts
D-C Screen Current	- - - - -	37	37	31	20	Ma.
D-C Grid Voltage	- - - - -	-75	-80	-80	-90	Volts
D-C Grid Current	- - - - -	11	11	10	11	Ma.
Peak R-F Grid Voltage (Approx.)	- - - - -	91	96	95	106	Volts
Driving Power (approx.)	- - - - -	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2	Watts
Power Input	- - - - -	120	150	200	250	Watts
Power Output	- - - - -	85	110	150	195	Watts
Heater Voltage <sup>1</sup>	- - - - -	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	Volts

Single tube, 750-Mc. (Coaxial cavity)

D-C Plate Voltage	- - - - -	1250	Volts
D-C Plate Current	- - - - -	200	Ma.
D-C Screen Voltage	- - - - -	250	Volts
D-C Screen Current	- - - - -	5	Ma.
D-C Grid Voltage	- - - - -	-60	Volts
D-C Grid Current	- - - - -	5	Ma.
Peak R-F Grid Voltage (approx.)	- - - - -	85	Volts
Driving Power (approx.)	- - - - -	9	Watts
Power Input	- - - - -	250	Watts
Power Output	- - - - -	100	Watts
Heater Voltage <sup>1</sup>	- - - - -	See note	

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**PLATE MODULATED RADIO FREQUENCY AMPLIFIER**

Class-C Telephony

**MAXIMUM RATINGS (Carrier Conditions)**

D-C PLATE VOLTAGE	- - - - -	1000	MAX. VOLTS
D-C SCREEN VOLTAGE	- - - - -	300	MAX. VOLTS
D-C GRID VOLTAGE*	- - - - -	-250	MAX. VOLTS
D-C PLATE CURRENT	- - - - -	200	MAX. MA.
PLATE DISSIPATION	- - - - -	100	MAX. WATTS
ANODE-COOLER CORE TEMPERATURE	- - - - -	150	MAX. °C
SCREEN DISSIPATION	- - - - -	15	MAX. WATTS
GRID DISSIPATION	- - - - -	2	MAX. WATTS

\*Maximum permissible grid circuit resistance 25,000 ohms

**PLATE PULSED RADIO FREQUENCY AMPLIFIER OR OSCILLATOR**

**MAXIMUM RATINGS**

PULSED PLATE VOLTAGE	- - - - -	7000	MAX. VOLTS
PULSED SCREEN VOLTAGE	- - - - -	1500	MAX. VOLTS
D-C GRID VOLTAGE	- - - - -	-500	MAX. VOLTS
MAXIMUM PULSE DURATION	- - - - -	5	MICROSECONDS
PULSED CATHODE CURRENT	- - - - -	7	MAX. AMPS
AVERAGE POWER INPUT	- - - - -	250	MAX. WATTS
PLATE DISSIPATION	- - - - -	150	MAX. WATTS
ANODE-COOLER CORE TEMPERATURE	- - - - -	150	MAX. °C
SCREEN DISSIPATION	- - - - -	15	MAX. WATTS
GRID DISSIPATION	- - - - -	2	MAX. WATTS

**TYPICAL PULSE OPERATION**

Single tube oscillator, 1200-Mc.

Pulsed Plate Voltage	- - - - -	5	7	Kilovolts
Pulsed Plate Current	- - - - -	4.0	6.0	Amps.
Pulsed Screen Voltage	- - - - -	800	1000	Volts
Pulsed Screen Current	- - - - -	0.3	0.4	Amps.
D-C Grid Voltage	- - - - -	-200	-250	Volts
Pulsed Grid Current	- - - - -	0.5	0.6	Amps.
Pulse Duration	- - - - -	4	4	Microseconds
Pulse Repetition Rate	- - - - -	2500	1250	Per second
Peak Power Output	- - - - -	10	20	Kilowatts
Heater Voltage <sup>1</sup>	- - - - -	See Note <sup>1</sup>		

<sup>1</sup>Heater Voltage—Due to transit time back heating effects, the heater voltage should be reduced when operating at frequencies above 400 Mc. This voltage reduction should be made after dynamic operation of the tube has started. Since back heating is a function of frequency, grid current, grid bias, circuit design and circuit adjustment, the amount of back heating varies considerably with different methods of operation. The following table is an approximate guide for normal tube operation:

Frequency	up to 400 Mc.	400 to 1000 Mc.	1000 to 1500 Mc.	above 1500 Mc.
Heater Voltage	2.5 v	2.2 v	2.0 v	1.8 v



TENTATIVE DATA

