



TYPE 949-H

MODULATOR, A-F AND R-F POWER AMPLIFIER, OSCILLATOR

ENGINEERING INFORMATION

GENERAL RATINGS

Number of Electrodes3
 Filament Voltage11 volts
 Current7.7 amperes
 TypeThoriated Tungsten

Average Characteristic Values Calculated at:
 $E_b = 3000$, $E_c = -130$, $E_f = 11$ A-C

Plate Current0.120 amperes
 Amplification Factor19
 Plate Resistance @ 200 ma.2500 ohms
 Mutual Conductance @ 200 ma.7600 micromhos

Average Direct Interelectrode Capacities:

Grid to Plate11.5 uuf
 Grid to Filament10.0 uuf
 Plate to Filament2.0 uuf

Maximum Overall Dimensions:

Length14 3/8 inches
 Diameter4 1/16 inches
 BulbT-32
 CapSkirted Large
 Grid CapSkirted Medium
 BaseJumbo 3-Pin
 Type of CoolingAir
 Net Weight23 oz.

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Maximum D-C Plate Voltage Modulated3500 volts
 Maximum D-C Plate Voltage Unmodulated.....4000 volts
 Maximum A-C Plate Voltage R. M. S.4000 volts
 Maximum D-C Plate Current Modulated.....500 ma.
 Maximum D-C Plate Current Unmodulated.....500 ma.
 Maximum Plate Dissipation500 watts
 Maximum D-C Grid Current110 ma.
 Maximum R-F Grid Current10 amp.

Frequency Rating for Operating Conditions with Maximum
 Rated Power Input and Nominal Output:

Below5 megacycles
 Above60 meters

*Maximum Frequency Rating and Reduced Power Input and
 Output:

Below*15 megacycles
 Above*20 meters

* For operation at the higher frequencies, the plate voltage, and
 plate input should not exceed 50% of the Maximum Ratings and
 Typical Operation Conditions. The R-F grid current should never
 exceed the maximum rated value.



INTERCHANGES WITH TYPE 849-H

The type 949-H is mainly a higher frequency version of UNITED 949-A. Distinguished from type 949-A by high insulation grid terminal arm at the side of the bulb, the 949-H will bear maximum rated inputs with greater efficiency than type 949-A.

INSTALLATION

The base of the UNITED 949-H is designed for mounting in a standard Jumbo 3-Pin socket. The tube may be mounted either in a vertical position with the filament base up, or in a horizontal position with the plate on edge. Ample air space should be provided for ventilation.

The filament of the 949-H should be operated at the rated value of 11 volts. Operation at other than rated value may result in loss of filament emission and short life. Except in cases where freedom from hum is essential, the filament of the 949-H should be operated from an a-c source.

The plate dissipation of the 949-H should never exceed the values given under Maximum Ratings and Typical Operation Conditions.

GRAPHITE ANODE

A specially processed graphite anode is used in this tube type because of several specific advantages over metals such as tantalum, molybdenum, and nickel. The radiating area of graphite is approximately twice the projected anode area because of its surface porosity and it will dissipate at least four times more heat than metal.

Graphite, being infusible will not warp or twist. The exact form of graphite is maintained under all temperatures; hence constant inter-element relationships and uniform characteristics result. The inherent advantages of graphite over metal are of primary importance in designing tubes of this type for long and satisfactory service.

All ratings given are for continuous service. Higher ratings are permissible for intermittent operation. Additional data will be furnished upon request.

